

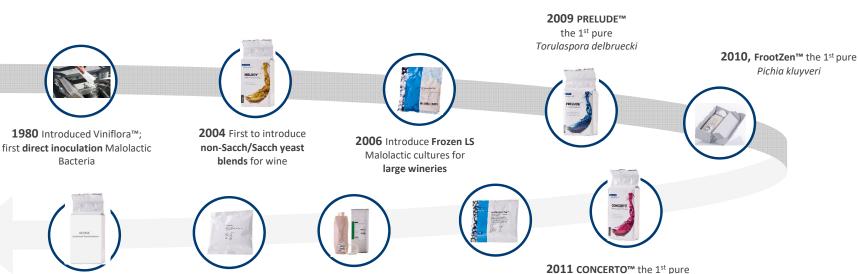






History of wine cultures development - Part of Chr. Hansen DNA

Since the beginning of "Direct to vat" cultures for malolactic fermentation in the 80's, Chr. Hansen has always offered innovative solutions for wine industry



2016 Neer™ 1st

Pichia Kluvveri for

non-alcoholic beers

2016 Harvest LB1™

Lb plantarum for

fermented beverages

2012 CiNe™ the 1st

Citrate negative

Oenococcus oeni

Lachancea thermotolerans

CHR HANSEN

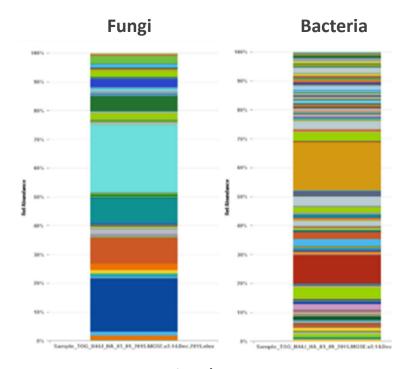
Improving food & health

Gusmer Enterprises, Inc.®

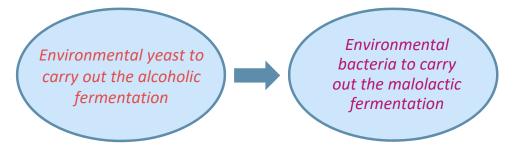
2020 OCTAVE™

Lachancea thermotolerans

Managing fermentation



In red grape must



- While this often gave acceptable results, it also carries a <u>high</u>
 <u>risk of spoilage/contamination</u> from unwanted microbes
- In late 20th century, <u>commercial yeast and MLF cultures</u> that can be added to wine were introduced, allowing <u>greater control</u> over the microbial population in the wine





Manage your fermentations with Chr. Hansen VINIFLORA®





- Fermentation experts
- > Highest QC methods
- Sustainability
- > Global reach
- > Innovation bio-tech
- > VINIFLORA® for wine



PRE-ALCOHOLIC FERMENTATION

- > VINIFLORA® yeast range
- > Non-Saccharomyces yeast for
 - > BioProtection
 - Mouthfeel
 - Differentiation
 - > Acid Balance



ALCOHOLIC FERMENTATION

- > VINIFLORA® yeast range
- > Saccharomyces yeast for
 - > Fruit forward wines
 - Consistency
 - > Low nutrient demands
 - Bacteria synergies



MALOLACTIC FERMENTATION

- > VINIFLORA® bacteria range
- > Lactic acid bacteria for
 - Stability
 - Sensory
 - Efficiency
 - > Food Safety





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COMPANY

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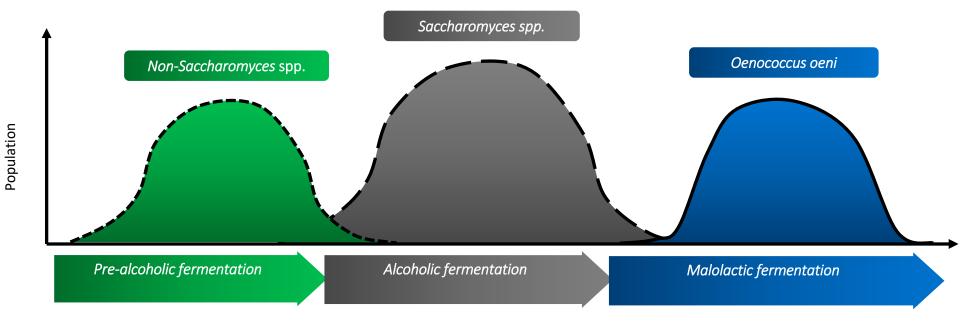
MALOLACTIC FERMENTATION

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Master your population sequence in winemaking

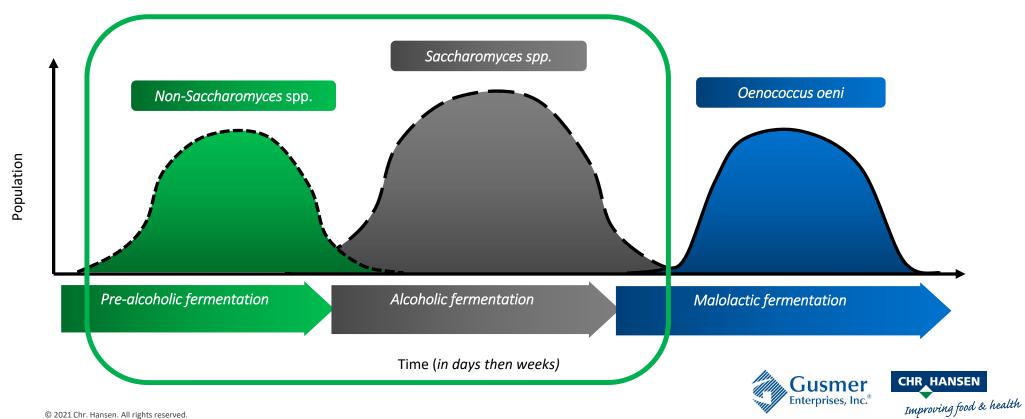


Time (in days then weeks)





Master your population sequence in winemaking



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Culture	Species	Temp. °C	SO ₂ tol. (ppm)	Alc. %	Speed	Features	Description				
	Pre-fermentative yeasts (non-Saccharomyces)										
FrootZen™ (DVS®)	Pichia kluyveri	15-25	45	6	+	No rehydration needed. Releases thiols; antioxidant.	Provides an intense fruit aroma. Perfect for white, rosé and light red wines.				
CONCERTO™	Lachancea thermotolerans	15-25	30	9	+	Naturally restores the ideal acid balance	Increases crispness and freshness, provides light fruity notes. Ideal for wines from warm climates.				
PRELUDE™	Torulaspora delbrueckii	10-25	30	10	+	Polysaccharides for wine body, reduces greenness, ideal for cold maceration	Provides rounder mouthfeel with notes of caramel and pastries. Perfect for reds and whites, fermented and aged with oak				
OCTAVE	Lachancea thermotolerans	15-25	30	11	+	Strong lactic acid producer	Add acidity and freshness as well as white stone fruit aroma to white and rosé; inhibits spontaneous MLF.				







Culture	Species	Temp. °C	SO ₂ tol. (ppm)	Alc. %	Speed	Features	Description				
	All in one (Saccharomyces and non-Saccharomyces)										
MELODY™	Blend	15-28	30	17	++	Mix of three yeasts (60:20:20). Saves preparation time as it covers both pre-fermentation and fermentation.	Increases complexity and mouthfeel. Suitable for both red and aromatic white wines.				
HARMONY™	Blend	15-28	30	17		Mix of three yeasts (80:10:10)	Brings a distinctive touch to wines, helping winemakers to differentiate their wine and add complexity.				
RHYTHM™	Blend	15-28	30	17	++	Saccharomyces cerevisiae 60% + Lachancea thermotolerans 40%	Suitable for both red and white wines of warm climates to restore acidity balance together with an improved complexity				





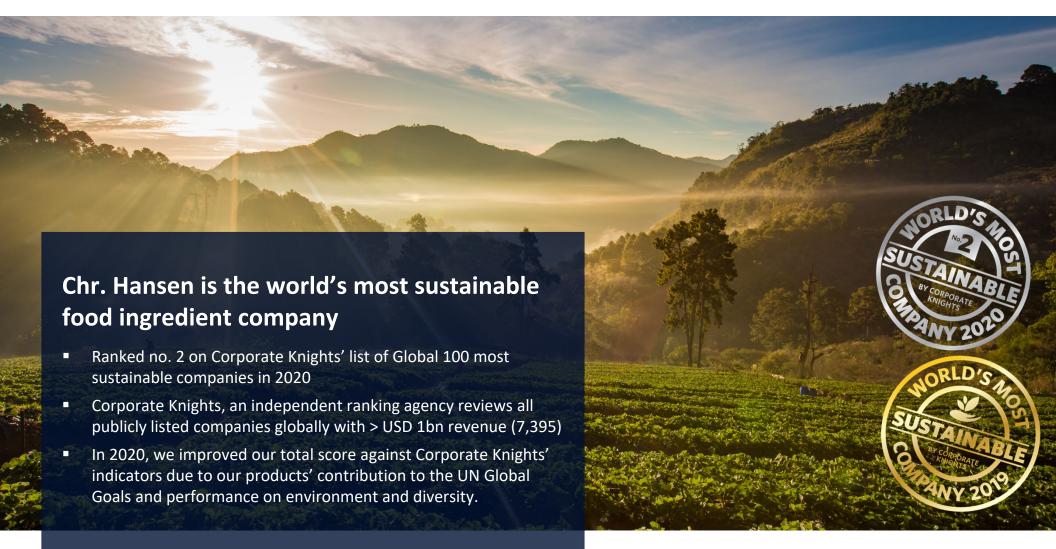


Culture	Species	Temp. °C	SO ₂ tol. (ppm)	Alc. %	Speed	Features	Description			
Saccharomyces										
MERIT™	Sac. cerevisiae	15-30	90	17	++	Low SO2 production, high alcohol resistance	Adds red/black fruit and spicy notes. For medium to heavy bodied reds. Merlot, Cabernet Sauvignon, Shiraz, Carmenère. Also for sparkling wines			
JAZZ™ (DVS)	Sac. cerevisiae	10-30	90	17	+++	No rehydration needed. High fermentation speed, strong symbiosis with ML cultures	For reds that embody terroir and elegance. Augments clean and pure notes of fruit. Rhone blends, Syrah, Pinot noir, Grenache, Nebbiolo.			













Emerging challenges set the scene in winemaking



Climate change and increase of temperature makes it hard to maintain freshness and low alcoholicity



- Consumer demand for reduced sulfites is growing but lowering sulfites increased the risk of spoilage microorganisms to proliferate
 - Sulfites are also less efficient in the context of higher pH linked to global warming



Increased competition requires a higher degree of diversification and improved quality







Adjust your winemaking with prefermentative yeasts to meet evolving customer demand, increased competition and adapt to the climate

A PALETTE OF DIFFERENT PROPERTIES

> Adapted to the early stages of vinification, they will influence the final wine characteristics thanks to their specific metabolism

PROTECT THE MUST

Reduce or eliminate sulfites and rely on BioProtection by natural way during the early steps of winemaking

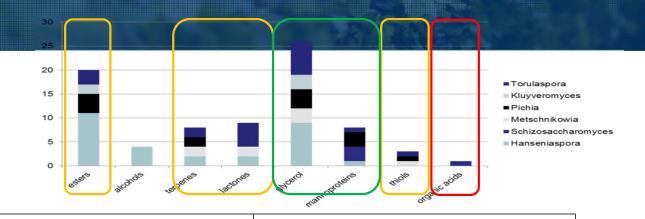
MIMIC A SUCCESSFUL NATURAL PROCESS

> Express the true potential of your wine and bring your own signature by increasing complexity while smoothing out year to year fluctuations





Non-Sac yeasts: identify the needs



Flavors

Precursors conversion Metabolism differences

1 species among wine NSAC yeast has shown the highest potential: *Pichia kluyveri*

FrootZen™

Acid balance

Organic acids production

1 species among wine NSAC yeast has shown the highest potential:

Lachancea* thermotolerans

Concerto™

Mouthfeel

Polysaccharides *Mannoproteins*

1 species among wine NSAC yeast has shown the highest potential: *Torulaspora delbrueckii*

Prelude™





Viniflora® Prelude™ (Torulaspora delbrueckii)

First pure NonSac (launched in 2009)

FEATURES

- Improves mouthfeel
- Gives flavor complexity
- Lower VA



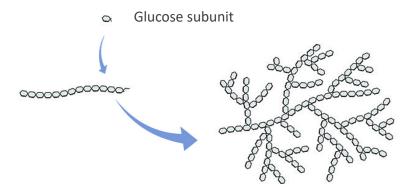






Viniflora® Prelude™ for increasing mouthfeel

- Selected for its <u>polysaccharide</u> production/release
- A polysaccharide are polymeric carbohydrates that confer texture and viscosity
- → add smoothness, roundness and reduce astringency
- The longer Prelude works, the more polysaccharides it releases



Blend Syrah/Marselan

400
350
300
250
200
150
100
50
0

Merit Prelude 2d + Sac Prelude 4d + Sac

Appl Microbiol Biotechnol. 2018 Apr;102(7):3081-3094. doi: 10.1007/s00253-018-8849-0. Epub 2018 Feb 28.

The impact of Torulaspora delbrueckii yeast in winemaking. Benito S¹.

J Agric Food Chem. 2017 Aug 9;65(31):6656-6664. doi: 10.1021/acs.jafc.7b01676. Epub 2017 Jul 26.

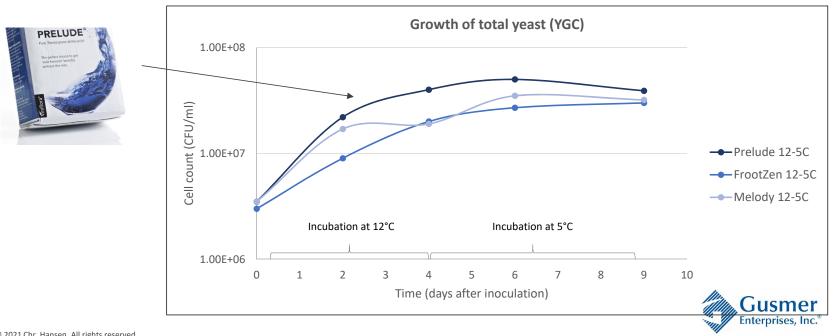
Polysaccharides and Oligosaccharides Produced on Malvar Wines Elaborated with Torulaspora delbrueckii CLI 918 and Saccharomyces cerevisiae CLI 889 Native Yeasts from D.O. "Vinos de Madrid".

García M1, Apolinar-Valiente R2, Williams P2, Esteve-Zarzoso B3, Arroyo T1, Crespo J1, Doco T2.

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Viniflora® Prelude™ for protecting the wine during cold settling

Great implantation and growth in musts at low temperatures





Viniflora® Prelude™ for avoiding stressful fermentations



- Osmotolerant → avoids VA and/or fatty acids production from stressed Sac in must with high sugar concentration (> 250 g/L)
 - → Retain malolactic bacteria vitality

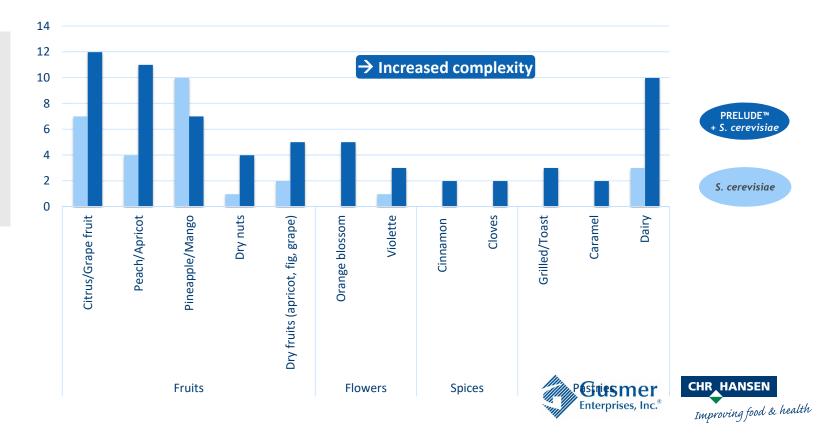
	Values at end alcoholic fermentation									
	Acetic acid g/L	Glycerol g/L	Esters mg/L	Fatty acids (C6,8,10,12) mg/L						
S. cerevisiae (EC1118)	0.21	6.7	6.3	14.5						
T. delbrueckii (Prelude™) + S. cerevisiae (EC1118)	0.06	6.9	7.3	3.5						





Viniflora® Prelude™ to give complexity in Chardonnay

Chardonnay wine tasting with a panel of 18 trained wine tasters focused on aromas & flavors descriptors
Numbers indicate a frequency
Burgundy, France



Viniflora® Prelude™



STRENGTHS

Versatile yeast

Provides rounder mouthfeel

Give aromatic complexity

Protects during cold soaking

APPLICATION

Red and whites to improve non-fruity complexity

Cold soak both red and white

Reduce VA and FA from Sac and H. uvarum

Australia and NZ mainly use Prelude in white wines

In the rest of the world mainly red varieties as Pinot noir, Cabernet franc, Merlot etc.





Viniflora® FrootZen™ (*Pichia kluyveri*)

- Launched in 2010
- First frozen yeast for direct inoculation
- Low-fermentative → no strong reduction of sugars

FEATURES

- Very flavour-active
- Bio-protection



Gathering of islets on the surface

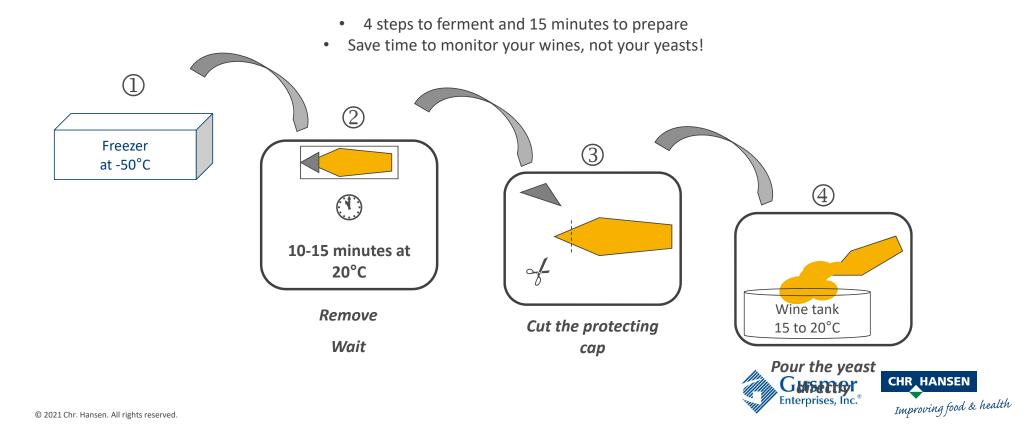


Harvest truck

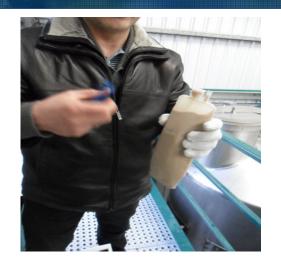




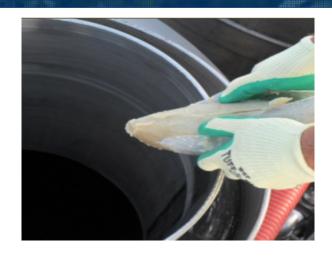
FrootZen™: a fast solution for winemakers



FrootZen™: the ideal yeast product for winemakers















Protection against oxidation

VINIFICATION OF WHITES AND ROSÉ WITHOUT SO₂

Dosage for 1 kg FrootZen for 13 tonnes grapes

(= 10'000 L juice)

<u>Direct inoculation</u> of the frozen yeast or through a solution (water or unsulfited must) on the grapes

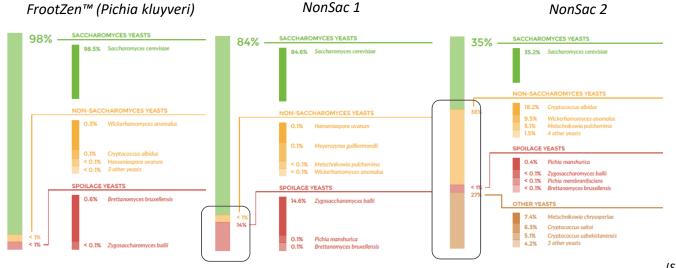
- → To avoid oxidation
- → To start protecting vs. microflora





FrootZen™ reduces the risk of spoilage microorganisms and oxidation

- France 2018: no SO2 Grenache gris (unpasteurized)
 - Inoculation after the harvest machine + after pressing



After malolactic fermentation

0.35 ■ Control 0,3 0,25 Disolved 0,2 oxygen (mg/l) 0.15 ■ FrootZen without SO2 0,1 0,05 6 9 Time (h)

NonSac

Dissolved oxygen (Sauvignon Blanc, cold maceration)

Enterprises, Inc.*

Pichia

kluyveri

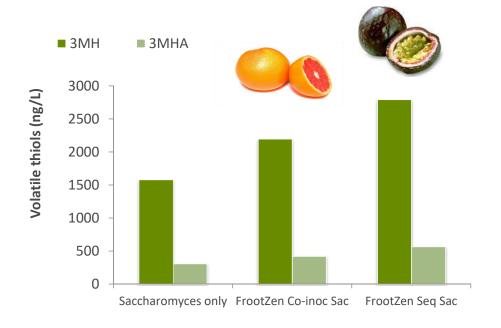
0,4



NonSac

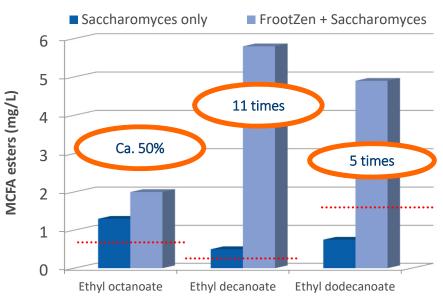
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FrootZen™ improves thiols and MCFA esters release in Sauvignon blanc (NZ)



3MH: 3-mercaptohexan-1-ol

3MHA: 3-mercaptohexyl acetate



Ethyl octanote: pineapple, brandy, pear

Ethyl decanoate: apricot, sweet, brandy

Ethyl dodecanoate: waxy, flor Gusmer Enterprises, Inc.®



Viniflora® FrootZen™: summary of application notes

STRENGTHS

Boost fruity aroma in all varieties

Bio-protect must at early stages

APPLICATION

White, rosé (less in red wine e.g. Pinot noir)

Increase quality of high yield, low aromatic grapes (white grapes in warm areas)

Blending tool for high and base white wine

White wines with skin contact (BioP)

Improve color (esp. in No SO₂ rosé)





Viniflora® Concerto™ (Lachancea thermotolerans)

- Launched in 2012
- Formerly Kluyveromyces thermotolerans

FEATURES

- Improves acidity balance
- Reduces (slightly) alcohol level
- Produces **fruity esters** (red fruits)











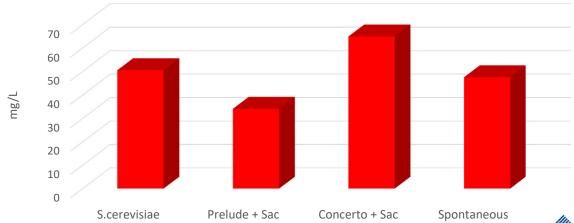
Viniflora® Concerto™ adds with red berries

OH + C₂H₅OH
$$\longrightarrow$$
 OH OC₂H₅ + H₂O

Lactic acid Ethanol Ethyl lactate Water



Ethyl Lactate







Viniflora® Concerto™



STRENGTHS

Increase freshness through acidity

Give freshness through fruitiness

Helps in producing wine w/o sulfites

APPLICATION

Red wine & fortified wine (e.g., Port)

Thermo-vinified red wine (less cooked profile)

Warm-climate reds for acidity and less ethanol

Get additional notes of red/black berries in reds and rosé





Viniflora® Octave™: the new kid in town

- New Lachancea thermotolerans strain
- Launch in NH2020
- For white and rosé wines

FEATURES

- More acidity (pH ↓)
- Less ethanol
- Add white stone fruits





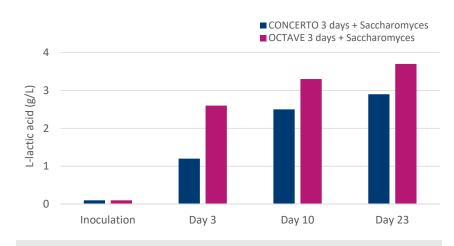






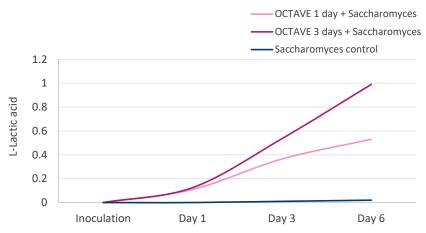
Increase acidity with natural lactic acid

LACTIC ACID IN NON-SULFITED ROSÉ WINE



Compared to Viniflora® CONCERTO, OCTAVE is more efficient in releasing L-lactic acid

LACTIC ACID IN WHITE SPARKLING BASE



Lactic acid increases stronger during the first week of fermentation, while slowing down in the second phase of alcoholic fermentation

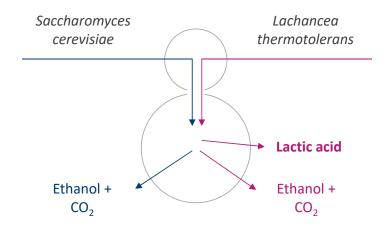


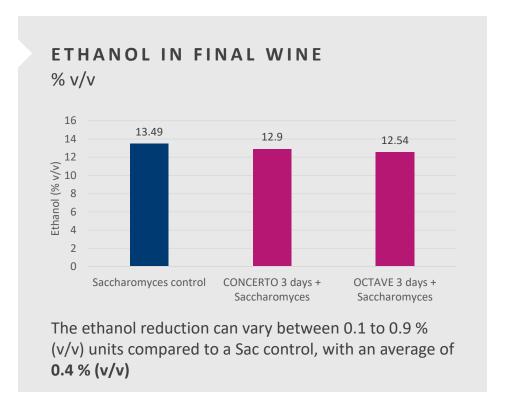


Decrease ethanol while retaining full flavor complexity

Part of the carbon source like glucose and fructose is dedicated to the production of lactic acid. As a result, ethanol production can decrease.

ILLUSTRATION OF SUGAR METABOLISM





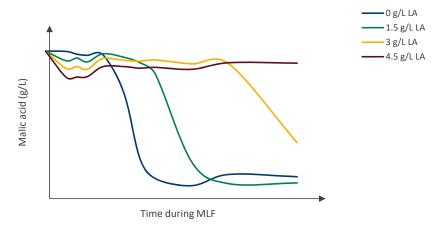




Inhibit spontaneous malolactic fermentation

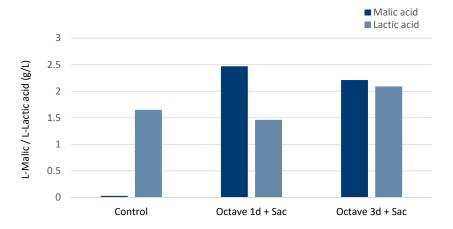
With high pH, malolactic fermentation (MLF) can occur spontaneously before the end of alcohol fermentation and possibly trigger a sensorial defect. When linked with citrate degradation to diacetyl, MLF can give a buttery and fatty flavor that is antagonistic to freshness and masks fruit intensity in white and rosé wines.

ADDITION OF L-LACTIC ACID



Lactic acid at levels >1.5 g/L are already inhibitory to indigenous malolactic bacteria

AFTER ALCOHOLIC FERMENTATION



Viniflora® OCTAVE used in pre-fermentation can inhibit the development of spontaneous MLF, keeping most of the malic acid and adding with lactic acid







Fermentation yeast and blends

SACCHAROMYCES

> We offer 2 reliable strains for a robust alcohol fermentation and respect of varietal character

DIRECT INOCULATION

Our strain JAZZ is a strain developed for direct inoculation in must, for an efficient fermentation and a lift of fruit character.

BLENDS

All in one blends are user friendly cultures that leverage the possibilities by combining Non-saccharomyces and Saccharomyces at a low cost in use.





Viniflora® Melody™ - the 3-in-1 solution

- A blend for complexity, mouthfeel and convenience
 - 20% Torulaspora delbrueckii (Prelude™)
 - 20% Lachancea thermotolerans (Concerto™)
 - 60% Saccharomyces cerevisiae (Merit™)
 - Prelude[™] for mouthfeel and secondary flavors
 - Concerto[™] for acidity, structure and esters (red berries)
 - Merit[™] for alcoholic fermentation.
 - Saves preparation time as it covers both prefermentation and fermentation

In addition to well mastered alcohol fermentation,
MELODY™ increases the aromatic complexity of wine
and brings it a round mouthfeel



Melody use to be sold mainly for Chardonnay

• However, over the recent years if has become increasingly popular in many red varieties e.g. Shiraz, Grenache and Mourvèdre





Viniflora® blends - the convenient solution

- Blends for adding complexity, mouthfeel and convenience
- Saves preparation time as it covers both pre-fermentation and fermentation



- Prelude[™] for mouthfeel and secondary flavors
- Concerto[™] for acidity, structure and esters (red berries)
- Merit[™] for alcoholic fermentation

MELODY™ increases the **floral** and tropical fruit aromas in dry white wines and brings it a **round mouthfeel**



Rhythm™ is an excellent choice for fruit forward dry red wines and produces round, rich flavors with notes of blackberry and dark fruit.



Harmony™ is the right product for white or red wines that demand subtle but multidimensional differences.





Culture	Species	Temp. °C	SO ₂ tol. (ppm)	Alc. %	Speed	Features	Description				
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JAZZ™ (DVS)	Sac. cerevisiae	10-30	90	17	+++	No rehydration needed. High fermentation speed, strong symbiosis with ML cultures	For reds that embody terroir and elegance. Augments clean and pure notes of fruit. Rhone blends, Syrah, Pinot noir, Grenache, Nebbiolo.			







Thank you!

> For more information on Chr. Hansen products; contact our exclusive distributor:

Gusmer Enterprises www.gusmerwine.com 866-213-1131











CHR HANSEN

Improving food & health



